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GRACE**

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**Breastplates
of
Armour
and
Fire and Brimstone**

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Bible House of Grace contains an easy to read New and Old Testament commentary full of spiritual treasures and pearls, complete with an insightful resource guide illuminating God's love and grace.



Although I believe my aim is pure and God's will perfect this document is still the product of a human man, as to such I neither claim perfect knowledge or perfect understanding.

Breastplates of Armour, Fire and Brimstone.

Topics.

- Breastplates of amour.
- Breastplates the color of fire, sapphire, and brimstone

BREASTPLATES OF AMOUR

The word translated as "breastplate" denotes a coat of mail that covered the body of the soldier from the neck to the thighs.

When polished, as they were, they would sparkle with many different colors as the bright sun reflected off them, and from a distance give the appearance of shimmering flaming fire.

During the 15th century breastplates of armour pretty much made swords obsolete. If a soldier wished to harm a man fully clad in plate armour, he needed to use one of the following:

- A polearm (i.e., a long pole with a double-sided axe or pick head on the end of it).
- A common axe.
- A common garden pick or fighting pick.
- A war mace (i.e., a type of club that has a heavy round metal spiked ball on the end of a wooden handle to deliver strong powerful blows to the body and head.

As gunpowder weapons became better and more common and powerful plate armour declined.

BREASTPLATES THE COLOR OF FIRE, SAPPHIRE, AND BRIMSTONE

- **Revelation 9:16-17:** The number of mounted troops was twice ten thousand times ten thousand; I heard their number. ¹⁷ And this is how I saw the horses in my vision and those who rode them: they wore breastplates the color of fire and of sapphire (jacinth in KJV) and of sulfur (brimstone in KJV), and the heads of the horses were like lions' heads, and fire and smoke and sulfur (brimstone in KJV) came out of their mouths.

Brimstone: comes from the Greek word (*theion and eidos*), it means Sulphur-like, (i.e., sulphureous) and carries the idea of flashing and in prophetic Scripture symbolizes God's wrath and destruction.

Jacinth: the colour of the jacinth stone can be various colours, white, orange, violet (bluish-purple) yellow, ruby red, blue, grey, black, and pinkish. Nowadays, jacinth is considered, to be golden to red-brown and reddish blue or deep purple.

Since John is seeing this enormous army of thousands of warriors all wearing armour, the many various brilliant colours of the jacinth stone maybe how John saw the massive army with the sun reflecting from the thousands of soldiers highly polished armour, such a sight would not only be spectacular to the eyes, but also dazzling with various colours from the

reflection of the sun shining on the highly polished armour. The colours red, yellow, and orange may also symbolise flames of fire, while the colours deep purple, grey, black, and bluish-purple may symbolise smoke rising-up from the battle. This would be especially true of a modern-day battle where weapons of mass destruction are used.

As the founder of Bible House of Grace, I would like to thank the many Christian scholars, commentators and theologians who have gone before me, and the many today, who have freely made available their works to enhance the knowledge of the Bible to all people worldwide. It is only with the help of these faithful writers that much of Bible House of Grace exists as it does today.

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